**ABSTRACT** 

Cellular communication technology is experiencing rapid growth as evident from

the LTE (Long Term Evolution) as a product of the fourth generation. This technology

presents an performance increase with high data rate and large capacity. One technique that

can be used to increase LTE communication system performance is to use the technique of

MIMO antennas (Multiple Input Multiple Output). In addition to improving the quality of

communication at user side, use a 4 x 4 MIMO antenna on the handset to meet the

specifications of LTE release 8 and LTE Advance.

Antenna is used in this final task is PIFA (Planar Inverted F Antenna) to form

meanders. This type of antenna is suitable for application in the mobile phone handset

because it has small dimensions. Konvensional PIFA antenna has the longest dimension  $\lambda$ 

/ 4, while the modification to the shape PIFA antennas can achieve the longest dimensional

 $\lambda$  / 8 by Meander shape. The composition of the PIFA antenna MIMO system governed by

the distance between the antenna for  $> \lambda / 2$  above groundplane with dimensions of 114 x

64 x 1 mm<sup>3</sup>. The antenna is designed to work on two TDD-LTE frequencies in 2.3 GHz

and 2.6 GHz. In this study conducted experiments to obtain 320 Mhz bandwidth by using a

resistor with a value different elements as a shorting pin.

The final results obtained in this final was VSWR < 1.5 with bandwidth of antenna

320 MHz, mutual coupling between antennas at < -19 dB, omnidirectional radiation

pattern, elip polarization, correlation coefficient < 0.0247, and the highest diversity gain in

the value of 10 dB and the lowest value of 9.9969 dB.

Key words: LTE, PIFA, Meander, MIMO.