ABSTRACT

Today, computer networks is growing very fast. The Internet provides a big change

in the exchange of information between computers. Communications equipment may get

into the Internet network and interact with each other using the Internet Protocol (IP).

Router, with routing protocol can route to the destination IP address.

Network based IPv4 addresses are running out. This encourages created IPv6 with

addresses are 128 bits long, or can provide the address of the IP address is 2¹²⁸ IP address.

These developments also make some changes in routing protocols. Routing Information

Protocol (RIP) is included in the Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) with distance vetor

routing algorithm selection created the Routing Information Protocol Next Generation

(RIPng) that an be applied to the IPv6 network. On the other hand, there is also a link state

routing selection algorithm which determines the route was not based on distance, but

based on the information network conditions (bandwitdh, traffic, delay, etc.). One link

state protocols is Intermediate System to Intermediate System (IS-IS).

Overall, the simulation results show that based on the parameters measuring the

throughput, delay end to end, delay variation, and packet loss, IS-IS protocol provides

better results than the RIPng protocol. Time to convergece of IS-IS protocol is faster than

the RIPng protocol.

Key words: RIPng, IS-IS, IPv6