ABSTRACT

In the wireless communication system with high datarate high bandwidth is

needed.In the other hand frequency spectrum is limited.Besides the transmitted

signal will be distort because of the presence of multipath fading which it will

decrease system performance. One of techniques to realize high datarate wireless

communications system is OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing)

modulation. To help increasing the performance of OFDM system an adaptive array

antenna is implemented in receiver.

In this final project, the presence of two adaptive algorithm Least-Mean-

Square (LMS) and Recursive Least-Square (RLS) compared on both Pre-FFT dan

Post-FFT in fading environment. This final project will also analyze the performance

of the system with using two, four and eight elements placed in receiver side.

Furthermore, the effect of user's velocity to the system's performance will be

analyzed too.

Based on the experiment result, post-FFT scheme can improve system's

performance about 3-5 dB than pre-FFT. However Post-FFT has higher complexity

and needs more time for computation process than Pre-FFT. More antenna elements

used in the receiver will increased the system's performance. The use of RLS

algorithm in both scheme give improvement about 1-2 dB than LMS algorithm. But if

user moves with high velocity, the system's performance will be decrease. At Doppler

frequency 385 Hz, SNR needed to achieve BER 10⁻⁴ is more than 30 dB.

Keyword: OFDM, multipath fading, Pre-FFT, Post-FFT, RLS, LMS

ii