ABSTRACT

Compression is a size reduction of a file into smaller size than the original file.

Compression is needed to minimize the storage and minimize the sending data time

from one place to another. Compression is divided into two kind, lossy compression

that allows loss of unsignificant information, and lossless compression that reconstruct

data which is similar to the original data. Lossless compression is used for text

compression and several of image compression. Lossy Compression is used for image

and audio compression.

In this final task, it has been formulated an audio compression technique which

is named SaRWa Compression (Sample-Reduced Wave Compression), and designed a

new audio file with SAR format. SaRWa Compression consists of several compression.

In this final task, there are only five experiments for compressions. The compressions

that have been experimented are Basic SaRWa Compression, Triplets Level 1 SaRWa

Compression, Triplets Level 2 SaRWa Compression, Folded SaRWa Compression, and

Double-Folded SaRWa Compression.

Base on experiments results, SaRWa Compression needs two variables for

reconstructing. The two variables are deviation (dev) and vediation (ved). From the

experiments, the optimum value for deviation (dev) is 1, and the optimum value for

vediation (ved) is 0.5. In Mean Opinion Score (MOS) method (scale 5.0), the best

compression of SaRWa Compression is Basic SaRWa Compression with MOS = 4.8,

and the worst is *Double-Folded SaRWa Compression* with MOS = 2.7. The other

compression types have MOS value between 3.5 to 3.7.

In the research, SaRWa Compression can be merged with the other compression

such as DPCM (Differensial Pulse Code Modulation).

Keywords: audio compression, lossy, SaRWa Compression, SAR file format

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