## **ABSTRACT**

Formalin is a hazardous chemical that is often misused as a food preservative, including in white tofu, even though its use is prohibited due to its toxicity to health. This study was conducted to design a microcontroller-based formalin detection system and compare the accuracy and consistency of two types of gas sensors, namely the HCHO sensor and the MQ-8 sensor. Sensor calibration was performed using three formalin solution concentrations: 0.5 ppm, 2 ppm, and 3 ppm, while testing was conducted at concentrations of 1 ppm, 1.5 ppm, and 2.5 ppm. This calibration method uses logarithmic linear regression with input in the form of ADC value differences ( $\triangle ADC$ ) and output in ppm units. Testing was conducted under two conditions: with and without a heater. The results showed that the HCHO sensor had higher accuracy than the MO-8 sensor, both with and without a heater. The average accuracy of the HCHO sensor without heating reached 72.85%, while the MO-8 sensor only achieved 53.50%. With heating, the accuracy of the HCHO sensor increased to 65.73%, while the MQ-8 sensor dropped drastically to 3%. Based on these results, the HCHO sensor is recommended as a more accurate alternative formaldehyde sensor in the low concentration range.

Keywords: Arduino, Formalin, Food Safety, HCHO Sensor, MQ-8 Sensor,