**ABSTRACT** 

Traditionally, radar has been the backbone of air traffic surveillance, but

high operational costs and coverage limitations drive the development of

alternatives. Automatic Dependent Surveillance-Broadcast (ADS-B) offers real-

time radio-based surveillance, efficiently tracking aircraft position, speed, and

altitude.

This research designs an ADS-B receiver system using Software Defined

Radio (SDR), specifically RTL-SDR, on an embedded Linux platform. This

combination provides a flexible, cost-effective, and integrable solution for air

surveillance, ideal for remote areas with limited radar infrastructure.

The receiver processes 1090 MHz signals using a directional antenna,

power divider, and filters to enhance sensitivity and reduce interference. Received

data is converted by RTL-SDR into digital form, analyzed by the embedded Linux

system running GNURadio.

Results show the system accurately detects and decodes ADS-B signals.

Omnidirectional antenna tests reached 107.0 km, while the directional antenna

extended detection to 119.4 km. The system effectively maps air traffic activity real-

time with high accuracy and efficiency, validated against Flightradar24. This

flexible, cost-effective air monitoring solution significantly contributes to aviation

safety and efficiency.

Keywords: ADS-B, RTL-SDR, GNU Radio, Linux

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