**ABSTRAK** 

The development of information technology and the internet has changed the way of

communicating and sharing information between individuals. One of the phenomena that

emerged as a result of this development is Electronic Word of Mouth (E-WOM) which refers

to information and recommendations about products or services communicated through digital

platforms such as social media and e-commerce. Maybelline is one of the most favored or

popular cosmetic brands so that it ranks first as the top sales in Indonesia.

This study aims to determine the effect of e-WOM implemented by Maybelline on

social media on consumer purchase intention. This is motivated by the phenomenon and

supporting facts that Maybelline is ranked first as a cosmetic sales in Indonesia but the

percentage of sales has decreased every year. In addition, this study aims to determine the

relationship and influence of each variable such as information quality, information quantity,

information credibility, information usefulness, adoption information, and purchase intention.

This research uses a quantitative approach. The sample used was probability sampling

with a purposive sampling technique of 459 respondents with the qualifications of social media

user respondents and knowing the Maybelline brand, data collection in this study using a

questionnaire method processed using Structural Equation Modeling (SEM) analysis with the

SmartPLS application.

The results obtained are that information quality, information quantity and information

credibility have a positive and significant effect on information usefulness. information quality,

information quantity, and information credibility, information usefulness has a positive and

significant effect on information adoption. Information adoption has a positive and significant

effect on purchase intention. This model is able to predict consumer purchase intention on

Maybelline products by 78.2%. This study suggests continuing to add variables of information

quality, information quantity, and information credibility in predicting information adoption.

In addition, future researchers can use the same model with more specialized social media

platforms.

**Keywords**: Electronic Word of Mouth, Social Media, Purchase Intention

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