ABSTRACT

Entrepreneurship is considered to have significant positive impacts, such as creating job opportunities, boosting economic growth, and enhancing societal welfare. However, only 3.47% of the total population in Indonesia is actively involved in entrepreneurial activities. Conversely, women-managed MSMEs contribute 61% to the total national GDP.

This research aims to analyze the factors influencing entrepreneurial intentions among active female students studying at universities in Bandung using the Theory of Planned Behavior, focusing on three variables: Attitude Toward Behavior, Subjective Norms, and Perceived Behavioral Control.

The method employed in this study is quantitative descriptive with Non Probability Sampling technique. Data will be analyzed through multiple linear regression analysis using SEM-PLS.

The research results show that the variables Attitude Toward Behavior and Perceived Behavioral Control have a positive effect on Entrepreneurial Intention among female students in Greater Bandung. However, the variable Subjective Norms does not have a positive effect on Entrepreneurial Intention among these students.

Keywords: entrepreneurial intention, Theory of Planned Behaviour, women entrepreneurial.