ABSTRACT

This research examines the phenomenon of Generation Z who are in a transition phase, where parents want to maintain authority while children want autonomy. These changes influence the child's self-worth and mood which impacts family interactions, which are important in the formation of values and norms. Generation Z tends to be lazy about studying because of digital distractions. This research aims to determine the influence of family communication on the learning motivation of Generation Z students at Telkom University. Quantitative methods were used by collecting 400 active student respondents from the 2020-2023 class via an online questionnaire. The results show a significance value of 0.000 < 0.05. Hypothesis testing shows that family communication has a conversation orientation toount 11,439 > ttable 1,965, so H1 is accepted, indicating a positive influence of conversation orientation patterns on learning motivation. Test the conformity orientation hypothesis tcount 11.507 > ttable 1.965, so that H2 is accepted, indicating the influence of conformity orientation family communication on learning motivation. Family communication has a 47.3% influence on the learning motivation of Generation Z students at Telkom University, while 52.7% is influenced by other variables.

Keywords: Family Communication, Conversation Orientation, Conformity Orientation, Learning Motivation, Generation Z