

ABSTRACT

Continuous use of gadgets will have a negative impact on children's behavior patterns in their daily lives, children who tend to constantly use gadgets will experience addiction. This addiction causes negative impacts on users, one of which is Attention Deficit Disorder and/Hyperactivity Disorder (GPPH). Addiction in children is caused by a lack of supervision from parents regarding the use of these gadgets. This research aims to find out how parents try to deal with children who are addicted to gadgets. The location of this research is Jl. Captain Sangun No.33, Tenjolaya, District. Cicalengka, Bandung Regency. The method used is qualitative with the type of research approach being a phenomenological study. Data collection through in-depth interviews, observation and documentation. The data analysis technique used is descriptive analysis. The results of this research show that the communication patterns implemented by families in dealing with children who are addicted to gadgets are consensual. This communication pattern prioritizes discussions between parents and children, parents will ask children about their activities when using gadgets. The discussion process carried out by both of them is to make an agreement on setting a schedule for using gadgets and an agreement on what children can and cannot access when using gadgets.

Keywords: Gadgets, Addiction, Family Communication