**ABSTRACT** 

Company performance is one of the considerations for potential investors

before making investment decisions, because the higher the value of a company, the

higher its share price. This study aims to analyze the effect of ROA, ROE, and NPM

on stock prices.

A positive ROA indicates that of the total assets used to operate. ROE shows

the efficient use of own capital, the higher this ratio, the better. The higher the

NPM, the more productive and efficient the company's performance will be in

reducing costs to increase profits from sales.

The population of this study consists of Telecommunications Sub-Sector

Companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange from 2018 to 2022. Purposive

Sampling is a technique for deciding research samples, 11 companies were

obtained with the 2018-2022 period so there were 55 samples. The data analysis

method in this study was panel data regression analysis using Eviews software

version 12.

Result of this study indicate that ROA, ROE, and NPM simultaneously show

a 16% effect on stock prices and partially ROA, ROE, and NPM are significant

factors that influence stock prices. The implication is that a company that has a rate

of return on assets, a rate of return through capital and liability management, and

a high level of income contributes to an increase in profits thereby increasing stock

prices.

Suggestions for further research are to be able to add and test several other

variables that are thought to affect stock prices such as Financial Value Added

(FVA), Market Value Added (MVA), Economic Value Added (EVA), and other

variables. Further research can also add years to the object of research or use

other sectors besides the banking sector such as the retail, transportation, or other

sectors.

Keyword: Stock Price, ROA, ROE, NPM

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