ABSTRACT

Indonesia is one of the countries with areas where landslides often occur. One of the efforts to anticipate the occurrence of landslides requires a system that can detect and provide information on ground movement. In this study, a ground motion detection system was designed using optical fiber by utilizing the principle of optical power loss due to angle-shaped macrobending equipped with a system development feature for monitoring that is capable of storing measurement data results and sending translational warning information on ground movement. The system test results show a measurement sensitivity of -1.33 cm/dBm with an average accuracy of 97.16% and an average error of 2.84% in the measurement range of 0 - 7.5 cm with a measurement resolution of 0.5 cm. The system development feature is capable of storing a number of measurement data with a memory allocation of 1-2 kilobytes (kb) through the system's data logger media as well as sending warning information through a Long Range (LoRa) communication network with a Quality of Service (QoS) index quality of 4 so it is categorized as "Very satisfy". Based on the results of the tests that have been carried out, this system has the potential to be used in anticipating the occurrence of landslides.

Keywords: LoRa, Macrobending, Optical Fiber, Landslide.