ABSTRACT

Cellular technology continues to develop to meet the demand for cellular data

according to user needs and the mobile wireless network will continue to grow at a

high speed. However, the 4G LTE network cannot be separated from various pro-

blems, one of which is the high traffic density in a network which causes the speed

during the data transfer process to decrease. Open RAN technology is a solution to

the problems that occur by testing the comparison of Open RAN throughput.

In this final project, a comparison of the real Open RAN throughput from the

simulation results and based on 3GPP on a 4G LTE network at a frequency of 900

MHz on the downlink side is carried out. Network quality parameters are measured

by RSRP, SINR, and throughput. The parameter to be analyzed in this research is

throughput. The eNodeB used is Parallel Wireless which is in the Telkom University

Telecom Infra Project (TIP) lab. Where the drive test is carried out by the TIP lab.

This study aims to determine the speed of sending Open RAN data received by the

EU.

Based on the simulation results, the average value of the RSRP parameter is

-80.157 dBm, the average SINR value is 8.5 dB, and the throughput is 45.64 Mbps.

Then the calculation of Open RAN throughput based on 3GPP is 50.35 Mbps, with

a difference of 4.71 from the simulation results. From the results of the comparison

of Open RAN throughput, it shows that Open RAN devices can refer to the 3GPP

standard.

Key Word: LTE, RAN, Open RAN, throughput, 3GPP, downlink.

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