ABSTRACT

Indonesia is a maritime country where most of its archipelago is

surrounded by the ocean. Therefore, a technology is needed to secure the oceans

and coasts of the Indonesian archipelago from illegality. Radar is a technology

that can function as an eye that can see objects at a distance. Coastal surveillance

radar is a system that can monitor and detect various activities in the sea

A component needed for this coastal surveillance radar is an antenna that

has a relatively wide bandwidth, so an antenna is needed to support this radar

technology, namely a periodic log antenna. This Final Project has designed a

peridic log antenna in the frequency range of 9.15-9.65 GHz for use in coastal

surveillance radar systems. The antenna in this study was designed with a simple

design. The antenna has 16 elements with.

This final project is simulated using software, and fabricated using FR-4

Epoxy substrate material which has a constant of 4.3 and a thickness of 1.6 mm.

The results of the antenna simulation at a frequency of 9.4 GHz with a return loss

value of 21.18 dB with a bandwidth width of 500 MHz in the form of a

bidirectional radiation pattern. Then the results of the realization and measurement

of the antenna at a frequency of 9.4 GHz, the return loss value is below 10dB,

namely 17.4 dB with a bandwidt of 640 MHz in the form of bidirectional

polarization.

Keywords: log periodic, return loss, bidirectional

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