

ABSTRACT

The rise of teenagers aged 17 to 18 years who have bad behavior, namely coming home late at night which results in parental anxiety about their teenagers and their surrounding environment. This study focuses on finding out what kind of messages and ways parents do to change the habits of their children. The method used in this research is to use a descriptive method with qualitative data analysis of the Miles and Huberman model. In this study the authors used data collection techniques using interview techniques. In carrying out the communication process, there are many factors that affect the sending and also the time of receiving the message. All of that goes back to the elements that exist in a communication process, especially communication made by parents to their children is very crucial in shaping children's behavior. Based on the results of this study, between parents and teenagers who communicate, it is felt that it has been running optimally in changing and preventing the bad behavior of teenagers who come home late at night, because both parties, from parents to teenagers themselves, can understand and accept what is meant by the contents of the message that has been conveyed by the parent to his child. Parents have succeeded in changing and preventing the child's bad behavior, because when the parent gives a message the teenager can accept it.

Keywords: *Communication processes, Family, Parents, Teenagers, Behavior*