

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui adanya pengaruh profitabilitas, ukuran perusahaan, dan umur perusahaan terhadap Pengungkapan Islamic Social Reporting (Studi Empiris pada Bank Umum Syariah Tahun 2015-2019). Populasi dalam penelitian ini adalah 11 Bank Umum Syariah (BUS) di Indonesia yang beroprasi pada tahun 2015-2019. Teknik pemilihan sampel yang digunakan yaitu purposive sampling dan diperoleh 11 Bank Umum Syariah (BUS) dengan periode penelitian selama 5 tahun, sehingga diperoleh 55 total sampel perusahaan. Data yang digunakan dalam penelitian adalah data sekunder yang diperoleh dari laporan tahunan (*annual report*) yang memiliki spesifikasi pada laporan keuangan dan laporan tanggung jawab sosial (*Corporate Social Responsibility*) yang dimiliki oleh setiap Bank Umum Syariah di Indonesia pada periode 2015-2019. Metode analisis data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah analisis regresi data panel dengan menggunakan software Eviews versi 10. Berdasarkan analisis koefisien determinasi didapatkan nilai koefisien determinasi sebesar 0.3169. Artinya, besarnya pengaruh profitabilitas, ukuran perusahaan, dan umur perusahaan terhadap pengungkapan Islamic Social Reporting (ISR) sebesar 31.69% sedangkan sisanya sebesar 68.31% dipengaruhi oleh faktor-faktor lain yang tidak diteliti oleh penulis. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian, profitabilitas, ukuran perusahaan, dan umur perusahaan secara simultan berpengaruh signifikan terhadap pengungkapan *Islamic Social Reporting* (ISR) pada Bank Umum Syariah tahun 2015-2019. Dan hasil penelitian secara parsial maka, profitabilitas tidak berpengaruh terhadap *Islamic Social Reporting* (ISR), ukuran perusahaan berpengaruh positif terhadap *Islamic Social Reporting* (ISR), dan umur perusahaan berpengaruh positif terhadap *Islamic Social Reporting* (ISR) pada Bank Umum Syariah tahun 2015-2019. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian, Bank Umum Syariah diharapkan lebih meningkatkan pengungkapan tanggung jawab sosialnya untuk memperoleh penilaian yang baik dari investor dan masyarakat. Perusahaan dengan tingkat profitabilitas yang tinggi diharapkan lebih peduli terhadap kegiatan ISR dan pengungkapannya dalam bentuk laporan keberlanjutan perusahaan.

Kata Kunci: Profitabilitas; Ukuran Perusahaan; Umur Perusahaan; Pengungkapan Islamic Social Reporting.

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to examine the effect of Profitability, Size Company and Age Company towards Islamic Social Reporting Disclosure on Islamic Sharia Banks during 2015 - 2019. The sample of this study were 11 Islamic Sharia Banks. The population in this study were 11 Islamic Commercial Banks (BUS) in Indonesia which operated in 2015-2019. The sample selection technique used was purposive sampling and obtained 11 Islamic Commercial Banks (BUS) with a research period of 5 years, in order to obtain a total sample of 55 companies. The data used in this study is secondary data obtained from annual reports which have specifications on financial reports and corporate social responsibility reports owned by every Islamic Commercial Bank in Indonesia in the 2015-2019 period. The data analysis method used in this research is panel data regression analysis using Eviews software version 10. Based on the coefficient of determination analysis, the coefficient of determination is 0.3169. This means that the magnitude of the influence of profitability, company size, and company age on the disclosure of Islamic Social Reporting (ISR) is 31.69%, while the remaining 68.31% is influenced by other factors not examined by the authors. Based on the research results, profitability, company size, and company age simultaneously have a significant effect on the disclosure of Islamic Social Reporting (ISR) at Islamic Commercial Banks in 2015-2019. And the results of the research are based on a spatial, therefore, profitability has no impact on Islamic Social Reporting (ISR), company size has a positive impact on Islamic Social Reporting (ISR), and company age has a positive impact on Islamic Social Reporting (ISR) in Islamic Commercial Banks in 2015- 2019. Based on the research results, Islamic Commercial Banks are expected to further increase their social responsibility disclosure in order to obtain good assessments from investors and the public. Companies with a high level of profitability are expected to be more concerned with ISR activities and their disclosures in the form of corporate sustainability reports.

Keywords: Profitability; Company Size; Company Age; Disclosure of Islamic Social Reporting.