Abstract

Sexual harassment is a serious problem that is often found in the environment. Sexual harassment in academia is one problem that is rarely exposed because many victims choose to remain silent and do not follow up on the cases they receive because most victims feel ashamed, fearful, and feel hopeless. This study classifies sexual harassment in the academic environment based on three classes, namely: gender harassment, unwanted sexual attention, and sexual coercion towards the types of experiences experienced by the victims by utilizing Text Mining in the field of text classification, using the Multinomial Naive Bayes method. The results of this study produce an accuracy of 62.24%.

Keywords: Multinomial naive bayes, Sexual harassment, Classification