ABSTRACT

The lungs are the respiratory tract for humans to breathe by inhaling oxygen (O2) and exhaling carbon dioxide (CO2) and water vapor (H2O). Prevention and early detection of lung disorders is usually carried out by a doctor. The expertise possessed allows doctors to diagnose whether a person's lungs are normal or there is a disorder (abnormal). The detection of lung disorders (abnormal), which is usually used by doctors, is by listening to the sounds of the lungs using a stethoscope or commonly referred to as the auscultation technique. In this study, updating of lung sound data was made in 2-dimensional data spectrograms. A good classification algorithm for handling 2-dimensional data is Convolutional Neural Network (CNN). So that the research on lung sound data is carried out in the form of a lung sound spectrogram which will be processed with the CNN classification. The accuracy results obtained were 74% of the total research conducted.

Keywords: Lung sound, Preprocessing, Klasifikasi, CNN, Spectrogram