

ABSTRACT

Children from divorced families are often considered to be a bad influence on the surrounding environment and synonymous with failure. This research seeks to prove that the bad stigma about broken home children is not true. This depends on communication within the family and the pattern of care adopted by single mothers in caring for their children, because the first and foremost character education for children is the family environment. Therefore this study tries to determine the pattern of parenting in the formation of adolescent characters from divorced families, including First, authoritative; Second, democratic and Third, permissive. Researchers want to know what kind of parenting is applied by a single mother, so that children with broken home backgrounds have good character. This type of research is field research and is descriptive qualitative. Data collection is done by observation and interviews. The validity of the data is obtained through triangulation of sources and adequacy of references. The results showed that the most common family communication patterns emerged were consensual family patterns, while the parenting pattern most widely used by single mothers was Democratic parenting, where the best parenting in shaping the character of children was the type of democratic parenting.

Keywords: *Phenomenology, Parenting, Single Parent, Family Communication*