**ABSTRACT** 

This thesis evaluates the effect of sunlight interference on Visible Light Commu-

nication (VLC) technology applying Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) modulation.

This thesis considers the distance between transmitter to the receiver and using a

single Light Emitting Diode (LED) with 10 watts of power. Size of the room model

simulated in this thesis is  $5 \text{ m } \times 5 \text{ m } \times 3 \text{ m}$ .

This thesis also conducts a performance evaluation of VLC exposing interfe-

rence from sunlight in terms of Bit Error Rate (BER) with and without sunlight

interference. The parameter is Signal to Noise Power Ratio (SNR) and Signal to In-

terference plus Noise Ratio (SINR) calculated with computer for BER performance

evaluation.

The result of this thesis shows that sunlight interference weakens the performan-

ce of VLC system from BER performance. Using the room used in this research, the

sunlight causes the decreasing of SNR as much 1.28 % from 33.629 dB to 37.931

dB. The decrease of performance is insignificant because the BER decreases from

 $3 \times 10^{-13}$  to  $7.39 \times 10^{-11}$ , which is for below  $10^{-5}$  meaning that the sunlight inter-

ference in VLC communication is in general can be ignored.

**Keyword:** VLC, PWM, Interference, SNR, SINR, BER.

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