ABSTRACT

The percentage of mobile banking users in Indonesia is still low compared to internet

users and mobile users. While mobile banking has several features, the users will have more

productivity and benefits if they use it and also mobile banking because digital finance can

increase Indonesia's gross domestic product and reduce financial service costs. This

phenomenon can cause Indonesians to be unproductive and hinder Indonesia from achieving

maximum state profits. Five factors are predicted to be factors that can influence the interest of

mobile banking users. Factors are represented by using the Technology Acceptance Model

(TAM) Theory which contains perceived usefulness (PU), perceived ease of use (PEOU),

perceived credibility (PC), computer self-efficacy (CSE), perceived financial cost (PFC) and

behavioral intention (BI).

The purpose of this study is to influence behavioral intentions and increase BCA Mobile

banking users in Indonesia. Cross-sectional data were collected by conducting an online survey

questionnaire containing 25 items completed by 385 respondents. Perceived usefulness,

computer self-efficacy, and perceived financial cost have a positive influence on behavioral

intention whereas perceived ease of use and perceived credibility do not have a positive

influence on behavioral intentions.

From these results, the company suggested to maintain the ease of learning of mobile

banking, mobile banking compatibility, and the good value provided by mobile banking,

improve mobile banking features, clarity of mobile banking interactions, mobile banking

security, provide more support to help customers experiencing difficulties in using mobile

banking, and reduce the cost of using mobile banking.

Keywords: Analyze, Mobile Banking, SPSS, TAM

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