**ABSTRACT** 

Automatic Dependent Surveillance - Broadcast (ADS-B) is an surveillance

system that can periodically track positions, speeds, characteristics, weather and

data. The ADS-B system uses the Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS)

technology, where the aircraft will continue to transmit information to ground

station, satellite and aircraft equipped with the ADS-B system. ADS-B receiving

antenna works on frequency 1090 MHz with linear polarization, because it is not

affected by the Faraday extension effect. The characteristics of the ADS-B

receiving antenna are high gain in order to receive information signals from the

transponder to the station properly and have a radiation pattern that can be used in

various directions.

In a previous study about "A compact microstrip patch antenna for ADS-B

operation", was conducted with FR-4 epoxy substrate material with a relative

coefficient of  $(\varepsilon_r) = 4.3$  and feed line rationing method. The study produced

bandwidth about 300 MHz, gain about 3,01 dBi and omni directional radiation

pattern.

In this final project, the design of microstrip antenna using dielectric

material  $(\varepsilon_r) = 2,2$ . To expand bandwidth, the proximity coupled method is used,

the DGS (Defected Ground Structure) method and slotted patch method are used

too. After simulation and measurement, we got the bandwidth value about 128

MHz with a return loss value about -14 dB and gain value about 5.2 dBi with

HPBW azimuth 60° and elevation of 40°. The resulting polarization is elips and

omni directional radiation pattern.

Key word: ADS-B, microstrip antenna, DGS.