ABSTRACT

In recent years the growth in traffic increases rapidly, so that the new

technology is needed to handle the problem. One of the technologies in wireless

communications in the future is mmWave technology. The number of antennas

used in this technology causes the RF Chain to be used also increases. It takes a

more techniques evolved to support the performance of the system and minimize

the amount of the RF chain.

Hybrid beamforming techniques are used to minimize the use of RF Chain

and Algorithms ESPRIT (Estimation of Signal Parameters via Rotational

invariance tecniques) is used to improve system performance in terms of

positioning and location of a user or commonly referred to estimate DOA

(Direction of Arrival). This final project analysis is aimed at the influence of

number of antenna, number of RF chain, number of incident angle, and SNR to

the accuracy of DOA estimation and hybrid beamforming performance on

rayleigh channel.

From the simulation result when used the parameters of the number of

antennas 4x4 and 8x8 in the hybrid beamforming system with RF chain value is 2,

the smallest BER occurs when using 8x8 antenna, with Eb/No of 20 dB has BER

value 5.41×10^{-5} . When used the parameters the number of RF chains (N_{RF}) of 2, 4,

and 6 on the hybrid beamforming system with number of antennas is 8x8, the

system with N_{RF} of 6 has the best BER value 5.7x10-6 when Eb/No is 5 dB.

While the influence of the number of antennas on the accuracy of DOA

estimation, the highest accuracy occurs when using an 8x8 antenna with an

average Δ is 0,00033°,. The more RF *chains* are used and The greater value of

SNR, then the accuracy of DOA estimation will be higher. While the more

number of angles, the accuracy of DOA estimation will decrease.

Keywords: mmWave, hybrid beamforming, DOA, ESPRIT.

iν