## **ABSTRACT**

Companies should provide transparent information to outsiders. However there are still asymetric information between management and outsiders that can caused fraud. Information required by outsiders is the financial statements. The financial statements provide company performance information so that financial statements should present information in based on qualitative characteristics. In fact one of them still ignore the qualitative characteristics. Fraudulent financial statements is deliberate thing that can produce such an incompatible information which is influence the user in making decision.

This study aims to determine the influence of fraud triangle that are pressure (measured by changes in total assets, leverage, return on assets, and ownership), opportunity (measured by sales receivables and independent commissioners), and rationalization (measured by replacement of external auditors) to fraudulent statement fraud.

The population in this study are service companies listed on the Indonesia Stock Exchange during 2010-2015. The methode used for sampling is purposive sampling with the sample size is 36. The hipothesis in this study was tested using descriptive statistical analysis and logistic regression analysis.

The result of this study showed that simultaneously and partially pressure, opportunity, and rationalization doesn't affect the frudulent financial statement.

The results of this study are expected to provide knowledge and contribute to the development of fraud auditing science, especially fraud triangle. And provide additional information about the factors that affect the company to do financial statements fraud.

Keywords: fraudulent financial statement, fraud triangle, pressure, oppurtunity, rationalization