**ABSTRACT** 

Rocks is one part of the natural wealth in Indonesia. With so many different types of

rocks scattered throughout Indonesia, it takes a lot of experts to know the type of rocks in

Indonesia. There are many ways to identify a stone, can be seen directly by naked eye and

can also through microscopes. From that way probably the easiest is seen directly by naked

eye to immediately recognize the type of rock, therefore required a tool as a comparison of

experts to ensure the classification of igneous rock types with high accuracy and a short

time.

In this final project implemented science of Digital Signal Processing (DSP) which

creates a Matlab based system by detecting the rock image which input into the system. Then,

in this final project is also realized an application to identify the type of igneous rock using

extraction feature Curvelet Transform method which is its optimal superiority in

representing the edged object especially curved lines and also each rock image sought

similarity with K-Nearest Neighbor (K-NN).

From the results of system performance testing, it was found that the results of the

system performance reached the highest accuracy when the feature extraction process using

Curvelet scale 5 orietation 16. From the test results, obtained the best accuracy is about

88,89% for megaskopic image, 80% for the image of a microscope parallel nicol, and

73.33% for microscopic images cross nicol.

Key Words: Igneous Rock, Curvelet Transform, k-Nearest Neighbor

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