**ABSTRACT** 

Normal purchasing behavior lately is not absolutely occur, sometimes

consumers do not plan what they would buy when shopping. This needs to be a

concern for producers and retailers to increase sales and profits. MOR Store is a

retail concept that unites convenience store and cafe. This study aims to determine

the respondents about the in-store stimuli and their effects on impulsive buying in

MOR Store Sunda Street Bandung.

The method used descriptive causal quantitative approach. Total sample of

100 respondents with non-probabilty sampling method type convenience

sampling. Analysis of data using simple linear regression techniques previously

tested with classical assumption of normality test, test heteroskedestisitas,

multicollinearity test, t test, the coefficient of determination and processing of

data using SPSS 21.0.

Based on the results of the analysis can be concluded that the respondents

about the in-store stimuli and impulsive purchases in MOR Store Street Sunda is

good. It is seen from the scores of respondents in the questionnaire by 75% for in-

store stimuli and impulsive purchases. The results of hypothesis testing in-store

stimuli significant positive effect on impulsive buying in MOR Store Street

Sunda. Based on the coefficient of determination obtained in-store stimuli that can

explain the impulsive purchase of 43.6% and the remaining 56.4% of them by

other factors not examined in this research as store atmosphere, the completeness

of the product, servicescape, etc.

**Keywords**: in-store stimuli, impulsive buying

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